

Los Angeles County Emergency Medical Services Agency

Evacuation and Shelter in Place Guidance for Healthcare Facilities

Part I: Guidance

April 17, 2012

Contents

Purpose and Overview	2
Part I: Guidance	
Operational Definitions	3
How the System Works: Roles and Responsibilities	Z
Key Contacts	7
Planning Checklist	
Web Resources	2 3
Acknowledgements	26

Part II: Evacuation and Shelter in Place Plan Template

Part III: Tabletop Exercises

Purpose and Overview

Evacuation of a healthcare facility may be necessary following an emergency such as a facility fire or damage from a natural disaster such as an earthquake or flooding. The decision to evacuate a healthcare facility will be based on the ability of the facility to meet the medical needs of the patients. Immediate threats to life, such as internal fires or unstable structures, will require emergent evacuation, while other situations may allow for a planned and phased evacuation.

The Evacuation and Shelter in Place Guidance for Healthcare Facilities is composed of several parts. Part I provides general guidance on the differences between evacuation and shelter in place including the roles and responsibilities of healthcare facilities and the healthcare system. A planning, response, and recovery checklist is provided to assist facilities in developing their plans and procedures. This guidance is not intended to provide all of the details or resources necessary for facilities to develop their plans, nor is it necessary to address every item that is identified in the checklist. Each facility should assess and address the considerations that are essential for a successful evacuation or shelter in place response, and incorporate these into their plans. A listing of online resources is included which identifies documents that offer more details.

Part II is an Evacuation and Shelter in Place Plan Template that healthcare facilities may use to create their own plan, or to review when updating their plan. The template is designed to encourage facilities to conduct their own planning process and personalize their plan.

Part III is a set of two Tabletop Exercises (shelter in place and evacuation) that facilities may use in the planning phase as they develop their plans to brainstorm about needs, gaps, or solutions, and/or may use to educate personnel on the components of their existing plan. The exercises are also designed for use with health coalition or community response partners.

Documents are available for download on the Los Angeles County Emergency Medical Services Agency Web site at http://ems.dhs.lacounty.gov/ManualsProtocols/Manuals.htm.

Operational Definitions

Shelter in Place: A procedure used to take immediate shelter in a current location. May be abbreviated as SIP. May be used in response to:

- A hazardous materials release for which actions such as sealing up windows and doors may be necessary.
- Inclement weather such as extreme winds which may require sheltering in place but away from windows.
- An active shooter or active threat situation. When SIP is done in this situation, it is sometimes called Defend in Place.

Evacuation: The movement of patients and personnel from a dangerous location to one of relative safety.

Partial Evacuation or Relocation: Patients and personnel are moved within the facility.

Horizontal Evacuation: Evacuation on the same floor, often to the other side of a set of fire barrier or smoke compartment doors.

Vertical Evacuation: Evacuation to a safe place on another floor, can be upward or downward.

Total or Complete Evacuation: The full evacuation of a facility to an outside area which may also require transfer of patients (and possibly personnel) to another healthcare facility or alternate site.

Emergent Evacuation: An evacuation that is conducted in quick response to an acute emergency.

Planned or Phased Evacuation: An evacuation that is conducted in a planned or phased manner in response to an impending emergency such as wildfire or flood.

Refuge Area: A location within a building that is identified as having relative safety. May be used in SIP situations or partial evacuation/relocation.

Assembly Point or Collection Area: A pre-identified area outside of the building where departments will assemble upon evacuation from the facility.

How the System Works: Roles and Responsibilities

Healthcare Facilities

- Develop and train/exercise personnel on your shelter in place and evacuation plans.
- Move patients, visitors and personnel to an area out of danger and to relative safety.
 - If you need additional assistance to move patients and personnel, your local fire department may be able to help
 - If you rent space, notify your landlord and other tenants that they may need to evacuate as well
- Notify local agencies that you are experiencing an adverse incident that requires sheltering or evacuation and update your operational status.
 - Hospitals: Los Angeles County Department of Health Services Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Agency: use ReddiNet, call the Medical Alert Center (MAC): 866-940-4401, or use the HEAR radio
 - o All Healthcare Facilities: Licensing and Certification: 800-228-1019
 - o If you rent space, notify your landlord

PATIENT TRANSFER

- If patients need to be transferred to another facility for ongoing medical care, **identify** available beds by the following procedures:
 - 1. Coordinate with other facilities in your healthcare system
 - 2. If the above resources are unavailable or inadequate, request assistance from the LA County EMS Agency:
 - Hospitals: Contact the Medical Alert Center (MAC): 866-940-4401, Press 1
 - Provide the number of patients by type of bed (critical care, medical/surgical, pediatrics, etc) that require evacuation
 - Skilled Nursing Facilities: If the above resources are unavailable or inadequate, request assistance from Licensing and Certification:
 - Contact Licensing and Certification: 800-228-1019
 - Provide the number of residents by type of acuity that require evacuation
- Obtain transportation resources by contacting your contracted ambulance providers
 - Hospitals: If the above resources are unavailable or inadequate, request assistance from the LA County EMS Agency:
 - Contact the Medical Alert Center (MAC): 866-940-4401, Press 1
 - Provide the number of patients by type of bed (critical care, medical/surgical, pediatrics, etc) that require evacuation
 - Skilled Nursing Facilities: If the above resources are unavailable or inadequate, request assistance from Licensing and Certification:
 - Contact Licensing and Certification: 800-228-1019
 - Provide the number of residents by type of acuity that require evacuation

- Transferred patients should have medical records and medications sent with them.
 - o At a minimum, use a triage tag or HICS Form 260 Patient Evacuation Tracking
- Maintain a log of transferred patients, include the following:
 - 1) Name of patient; 2) Facility transferred to; 3) Type of service (i.e., medical/surgical, ICU, etc.); 4) Equipment sent with patient (i.e., IV pump, ventilator, wheelchair, etc.); 5) Mode of transportation
 - Use routine transfer summary forms, use the sample found in the Template, or use a combination of HICS Form 260 and HICS Form 255 Master Patient Evacuation Tracking Form

LA County EMS Agency

Coordinate the overall medical and health response in Los Angeles County.

PATIENT TRANSFER

- Poll all hospitals to determine their ability to take transfers and/or their need to evacuate their facility.
- Notification
 - o Inform Licensing and Certification of pending hospital evacuations.
 - Notify local fire departments and law enforcement agencies of the pending hospital evacuations that require patient transfers; request assistance to ensure evacuation routes minimize are available to minimize risks associated with the evacuation
- Provide transportation resources
 - Deploy local ambulance resources; if additional resources are needed, activate ambulance strike teams (AST) or consider alternate modes of transportation (e.g., buses)
 - If the above are inadequate, request transportation resources from Region 1 and/or the State
- Provide individual hospital being evacuated with the following information:
 - Patient destination information including the number of patients by type to each facility
 - o Transportation resources being dispatched and the estimated time of arrival

California Department of Public Health Licensing and Certification

 Healthcare facilities in California are licensed, regulated, inspected, and/or certified by a number of public and private agencies at the state and federal levels, including the California Department of Public Health (CDPH) Licensing and Certification Program (L&C) and the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services' Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). These agencies have separate -- yet sometimes overlapping -jurisdictions.

- L&C is responsible for ensuring health care facilities comply with state laws and regulations that impact patient and personnel safety.
- L&C cooperates with CMS to ensure that facilities accepting Medicare and Medi-Cal payments meet federal requirements.
- L&C oversees the certification of nurse assistants, home health aides, hemodialysis technicians, and the licensing of nursing home administrators.

DURING A DISASTER

- Assist facilities with identifying alternate facilities for appropriate evacuation placement (when requested by the County)
- Grant regulatory flexibility within State authority or request flexibility from CMS
 - o NOTE: L&C has no authority to provide State suspensions or Federal waivers
 - State Suspensions: Require Governor's Executive Order. Suspends specific sections of state law/regulations. Available only during the most catastrophic incidents.
 - Federal Waivers (Section 1135): Require Secretary of the US Department of Health and Human Services approval. Reduce regulatory barriers to efficient disaster response. Available only for specific geographic regions.
- During an evacuation of a healthcare facility, the local L&C office needs to be notified.
 - In Los Angeles County, L&C functions are contracted to the Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Health Facilities Inspection Division. All notifications should be made to 800-228-1019.
 - For the four Los Angeles County Department of Health Services General Acute Care Hospitals the L&C function is performed by the Orange County District Office. All notifications should be made to 800-228-5234.
- Inspect healthcare facilities before re-population

Key Contacts

In addition to the key contacts identified below, your plan should include contact information for your own local agencies:

- Police (nearest station)
- Fire (nearest station)
- Emergency management (may be a city department, city hall, or a part of police or fire)
- Utilities: water, power, telecommunications
- Transportation (public and private): ambulances, busses or shuttles
- Disaster Resource Center Umbrella facilities (hospitals, clinics, skilled nursing, etc.) Refer to your Regional Response Plan
- If you rent space: property management or landlord
- If you rent space to others: contact information for your tenants

Government

Los Angeles County Department of Health Services Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Agency

- 24/7 Medical Alert Center (MAC): 866-940-4401
- http://ems.dhs.lacounty.gov/
- Duty Officer: laemsdutyofficer@dhs.lacounty.gov

Los Angeles County Department of Public Health

- Emergency Preparedness and Response Program (EPRP) 24/7: 213-989-7140
- Biological Incident Reporting to Acute Communicable Disease Control (ACDC): 213-240-7941
- http://publichealth.lacounty.gov/eprp/index.htm

California Department of Public Health Licensing and Certification

During an evacuation of a healthcare facility, the local L&C office needs to be notified.

- In Los Angeles County, L&C functions are contracted to the Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Health Facilities Inspection Division.
 - o All notifications should be made to 800-228-1019
- For the four Los Angeles County Department of Health Services Acute Care Hospitals, the L&C function is performed by the Orange County District Office.
 - All notifications should be made to 800-228-5234

Planning Checklist

Planning considerations are provided to assist healthcare facilities in developing their plans and procedures to ensure that patients/residents, visitors, and personnel are safely sheltered in place or evacuated to safety. This guidance is not intended to provide all of the details or resources necessary for facilities to develop their plans, nor is it necessary to address every item that is identified in the checklist. This checklist provides general direction and highlights areas that are not often found detailed in plans but should be discussed at your facility.

Each facility should assess and address the considerations that are essential for a successful evacuation or shelter in place response, and incorporate these into their plans.

A listing of online resources is included at the end of Part I, which identifies documents that offer more details.

Adapted from the CAHF Long-Term Care Facility Evacuation: Planning Considerations; CHA Hospital Evacuation Plan Checklist; CHA Hospital Shelter in Place Planning Checklist; CHA Hospital Repopulation After Evacuation Checklist; HICS Incident Planning Guide for Evacuation; San Joaquin County Long Term Care Facility Evacuation Plan

PLAN ELEMENT OR CONSIDERATION	DONE	DEPT RESPONSIBLE & PLANNING PARTICIPANTS
PLAN ACTIVATION AND NOTIFICATION		
Based on your HVA, identify threats that may require a		
shelter in place or an evacuation response		
Criteria or triggers and a rapid decision making process to		
determine the need to activate the SIP or evacuation plan		
Do you need a decision tree or matrix that would help in		
the decision to activate?		
Policy defining who has authority to order SIP		
Policy defining who has authority to order voluntary		
evacuation		
Policy defining who has authority to order involuntary		
evacuation - what governmental agencies would provide		
this direction		
If they feel they are unsafe, can a department or any		
personnel member begin to shelter in place or evacuate		
without instruction from leadership or the incident		
management team?		
Different types of evacuation are defined:		
Immediate vs. delayed		
Vertical, horizontal, total		

DI ANI ELEMENT OD CONSIDERATION	DONE	DEPT RESPONSIBLE &
PLAN ELEMENT OR CONSIDERATION	DONE	PLANNING PARTICIPANTS
Describe phases of implementation (e.g., personnel		
notification, accessing available resources and equipment,		
preparation of patients and patient supplies and		
equipment, etc.)		
Procedures to notify and activate the incident management		
team		
Personnel alert and notification procedure for when the SIP		
or evacuation plan is activated		
Notification procedure for when a department or personnel		
member initiates SIP on their own		
COMMUNITY RESPONSE PARTNERS		
Do you have a key contacts list?		
Who are your community response partners and how do		
you contact them - landline phone, mobile phone, radio,		
email, satellite radio/phone, etc		
Procedures for the alert and notification of community		
response partners:		
Other healthcare facilities		
LA County EMS Agency / CCALAC		
Licensing & Certification		
Local fire and police departments		
Transportation agencies		
Private businesses		
Which community response partners can help you in an		
evacuation?		
Who can help with the movement of patients/residents		
within your building?		
Who can help you with transporting patients to another		
facility?		
Which community response partners might be able to		
take your patients/residents? Have you already talked to		
them about this? Do you have an agreement established?		
Do you have the Licensing and Certification on your		
notification list? At your facility, whose responsibility is it		
to call them?		
If renting, notify property management or landlord		
Notify other tenants in your building that you are SIP or		
evacuating		
If you rent space to others, how do you notify them? Do		
they have plans in place to shelter or evacuate?		

		DEPT RESPONSIBLE &
PLAN ELEMENT OR CONSIDERATION	DONE	PLANNING PARTICIPANTS
If you are located in close proximity to other businesses		
(healthcare or otherwise), do you need to notify them as		
well? Might they be impacted by the same incident?		
INCIDENT MANAGEMENT TEAM		
What are the key positions in the Incident Command		
System that your facility will need to manage its		
response?		
Have they reviewed the evacuation and shelter in place		
plans for your facility?		
Have they had any training or exercises on evacuation and		
sheltering?		
COMMAND CENTER		
Where will your Incident Management Team (IMT)		
gather? Do you have a pre-identified Command Center?		
What if that Command Center is not available, do you		
have an alternate site identified? Does the alternate site		
have resources in it? What if you need to gather outside		
the facility - do you have pre-identified location?		
Procedures to activate Command Center. If not possible		
due to circumstances, identity alternate incident		
management procedures.		
Command Center supplies ('go' box) that is stored outside		
of the facility		
DEPARTMENT RESPONSIBILITIES		
Is each department responsible for the shelter in place or		
evacuation of its patients/residents and visitors?		
Does each department have its own plan?		
Does each department have their own leadership		
succession plan?		
Does each department have their own leadership		
communication plan?		
INCIDENT MANAGEMENT		
Are plans, procedures, and protocols readily accessible by		
your IMT?		
Are plans, procedures, and protocols readily accessible by		
department personnel?		
Are maps included in your plan?		
Do you use the HICS Evacuation Incident Response Guide?		
At what point do you determine that you will need to		
transport patients/residents? What will be your trigger?		
Lack of supplies, lack of personnel, lack of power, etc?		

		DEPT RESPONSIBLE &
PLAN ELEMENT OR CONSIDERATION	DONE	PLANNING PARTICIPANTS
If you are sheltering or evacuating due to a law		
enforcement situation, who maintains control over the		
incident? How much authority will your facility maintain?		
Process to ensure accurate and continuous documentation		
What resources do you need for documentation: paper,		
forms, pens, computers?		
Process for accurate expense and revenue loss tracking		
Establish what type of payment arrangement you will use		
with the receiving facilities		
Establish what type of payment arrangement you will use		
with the transportation agencies		
Process for securing animal research areas		
COMMUNICATIONS		
How will the Incident Management Team (IMT)		
communicate with the affected area that is sheltering in		
place or evacuating to receive and send updates on the		
situation, advise if there are changes in normal		
procedures, etc?		
Procedures to maintain communication with the whole		
facility to keep them updated on the incident		
What are the communications devices that will be used?		
radios, mobile phones, satellite phones, runners, etc		
If sheltering, how will communication take place? Will		
each department or refuge area have a radio or will you		
rely on telephone?		
If outside, how will communication take place? Will each		
department or assembly point have a radio? How many		
radios do you need? How will these radios be deployed?		
Do personnel know how to use them?		
Procedures to maintain communication with community		
response partners		
If you evacuate, how will you access ReddiNet or other		
computer/internet-based systems?		
Plan for regularly providing information and updates to the		
media		
Identify alternate site for the media center		
STAFFING		
What are key personnel roles during shelter in place?		
What are key personnel roles during evacuation?		
Have personnel been trained or exercised on these		
responsibilities		

		DEPT RESPONSIBLE &
PLAN ELEMENT OR CONSIDERATION	DONE	PLANNING PARTICIPANTS
Do you have a policy that states that you expect		
personnel to stay to respond to the incident until the		
incident has been cleared?		
What if personnel leave without authorization?		
Does each department have enough personnel to		
evacuate its patients or residents?		
Will some departments be delayed in evacuating until the		
IMT can re-assign personnel to assist?		
Do you have a way to track personnel?		
During an evacuation, will you establish a labor pool?		
Do you have pre-designated location for the labor pool?		
Are the Labor Pool's functions during an evacuation pre- identified?		
Should your Human Resources department's Assembly		
Point be the Labor Pool area?		
What resources would they need to bring with them? Are		
there cached resources outside of the facility?		
How will other departments know where the Labor Pool		
is? How will you notify/communicate with other		
departments that you need extra staffing?		
Supplemental staffing plan through call-backs or requesting		
from other resources. What if landline phone are not		
available?		
Process to re-assign personnel		
Protocols for accepting and orienting personnel and		
volunteers from other facilities to assist with evacuation		
If the incident is ongoing (or even if it has been cleared),		
how will you inform off-duty personnel of their		
instructions to report for duty or provide incident		
updates?		
Do you have hardcopy lists of personnel emergency		
telephone contacts in case they need to be notified of the		
evacuation / situation? Where are these lists located, and		
who is responsible for maintaining them and bringing		
them during an evacuation?		
Procedures for personnel family notification		
POPULATION - How many people are you responsible for?		
At your peak time, how many patients/residents, visitors,		
and personnel do you have?		
How does time of day or day of week affect these		
numbers?		

PLAN ELEMENT OR CONSIDERATION	DONE	DEPT RESPONSIBLE & PLANNING PARTICIPANTS
How does your plan address having less personnel to		
perform a shelter in place or evacuation?		
How many of your population (including		
patients/residents, visitors, and personnel) are non-		
ambulatory?		
At a given time, how many normally ambulatory patients		
are incapacitated due to being mid-procedure, having		
their eyes dilated, etc?		
How many of your personnel who may not normally need		
assistance will need extra assistance to evacuate? How		
will you ensure that these personnel members receive		
assistance? How many personnel have limited mobility or		
are non-ambulatory? What about personnel that are		
hearing, visually or cognitively impaired? Do you have		
any personnel with service animals?		
Based on your population and the resources they need to		
evacuate, can you prioritize/sequence which departments		
are evacuated?		
SHELTERING IN PLACE		
Describe how communication will be maintained, and		
documented, for personnel and outside resources		
Diagrams or maps of refuge areas throughout campus (e.g.,		
areas that have shelter in place resources cached)		
Procedures to assess and implement the need for shutting		
down HVAC, particularly if there is limited movement		
available within the facility		
Procedures to assess and implement the need for sealing		
the facility (for example, sealing vents, doors and		
windows with tape and plastic)		
Departments have pre-identified essential activities to		
occur in the safe refuge areas		
Does each department or station have a cache of disaster		
supplies including those for sheltering in place?		
Procedures to assess and implement the need for the		
movement of patients/residents, personnel and visitors to		
SIP/safe locations		
Designate safe refuge locations and routing options within		
the facility		
Procedures for providing supplies, equipment,		
pharmaceuticals, water and food to SIP/safe location(s)		

PLAN ELEMENT OR CONSIDERATION	DONE	DEPT RESPONSIBLE & PLANNING PARTICIPANTS
PARTIAL EVACUATION – RELOCATION WITHIN THE FACILITY		1 LANIMO I ANTICII ANTI
Does each department or station have a cache of disaster		
supplies? Do these include items to move patients -		
relocation within the building or to evacuate out?		
Designated evacuation location and routing options within		
the facility such as pre-identified care areas that match the		
evacuating care area, waiting areas, auditorium, etc.		
Can you match services provided to ensure continuity of		
care?		
Are there pre-identified primary and secondary routes for		
in-house movement?		
Are your smoke or fire compartments labeled?		
Can some stairwells be designated for certain types of		
patients/residents? Can a stairwell be designated as an		
up stairwell for personnel/emergency responders to go		
back up to evacuate more people?		
Procedures and equipment for multiple methods and		
equipment for evacuating patients (e.g., chairs, stretchers,		
SKED-type devices, blanket drag, multiple person carry,		
and/or single person carry)		
Identify and provide special equipment that may be needed		
during an evacuation (e.g., flashlights, headlamps, light		
sticks, etc.)		
Do you have a system to notify departments that other		
departments are relocating to them? Describe how communication will be maintained, and		
documented, for personnel and outside resources		
TOTAL/COMPLETE EVACUATION		
Identify evacuation priorities by department, floor, service,		
patient acuity, or resources required (staffing, equipment,		
or time) for evacuation		
Identify evacuation pathways – elevators, stairwells,		
exterior corridors		
Can some stairwells be designated for certain types of		
patients/residents? Can a stairwell be designated as an		
up stairwell for personnel/emergency responders to go		
back up to evacuate more people?		
Procedures and equipment for multiple methods and		
equipment for evacuating patients (e.g., chairs, stretchers,		
SKED-type devices, blanket drag, multiple person carry,		
and/or single person carry)		

	DONE	DEPT RESPONSIBLE &
PLAN ELEMENT OR CONSIDERATION	DONE	PLANNING PARTICIPANTS
How much of your personnel have trained on the use of		
the evacuation equipment? If they need to use it for the		
first time, is it easy to use?		
Can you use your evacuation equipment to move people		
horizontally, vertically up, and vertically down?		
Identify and provide special equipment that may be needed		
during an evacuation (e.g., flashlights, headlamps, light		
sticks, etc.)		
Do you have readily available evacuation instructions with		
diagrams, such as for blanket drag, multiple person carry,		
and/or single person carry		
How will personnel mark or designate that an area has		
been evacuated?		
How will personnel mark or designate patients/residents		
that need extra assistance after the rest of the area has		
evacuated?		
Do you have plans or have exercised vertical evacuation		
upward?		
If you need to evacuate from the roof, how many of your		
stairwells have roof access?		
Can a helicopter land on the roof?		
Evacuation is a strenuous activity. Do you have employee		
health personnel that can monitor personnel during or		
after to ensure personnel safety for ergonomics and other		
health problems (e.g., an asthma attack)?		
ASSEMBLY OR COLLECTION POINTS		
Are safe refuge areas pre-identified within your facility?		
Do you have shelter in place resources stored in the safe		
refuge?		
Are your external assembly points pre-identified and		
labeled with signage so that departments know where to		
go?		
Do you have diagrams or maps of assembly points		
throughout campus?		
Have your departments identified what activities they will		
need to conduct at the assembly point - clinical and non-		
clinical?		
What resources will departments need? Will they need to		
bring these resources with them?		
If personnel need supplies, how will they make this		
request?		

PLAN ELEMENT OR CONSIDERATION	DONE	DEPT RESPONSIBLE &
Door your facility have an external cache of resources		PLANNING PARTICIPANTS
Does your facility have an external cache of resources outside the building? What are these resources - food,		
water, chairs, tents, medical supplies, generators, radios?		
How will these resources be deployed?		
Describe how communication will be maintained, and		
documented, for personnel and outside resources		
Process to search the evacuated building(s) to ensure that		
everyone has evacuated		
Establish a first aid station with basic medical supplies		
MAINTAINING PATIENT CARE		
Procedures to maintain continuity of care if the usual		
equipment is not available during the sheltering process		
Department planning consideration: patients that are		
mid-procedure, how quickly can they be moved to a safe		
area or evacuated? What would be needed to stabilize		
them?		
Procedure and resources for sheltering patients in surgery		
Procedure and resources to evacuate patients in surgery		
Who has the authority to determine when a patient in		
surgery is stable enough to evacuate?		
Do your operating rooms have overhead paging and can		
hear when a disaster code is paged?		
What supplies or equipment would be needed to safely		
move a patient that was mid-surgery? How would these		
patients be moved down stairs? Because these patients		
may take longer to evacuate, are they lower on the		
priority list when doing an emergent evacuation?		
Procedure and resources to sheltering ICU patients		
Procedure and resources to evacuate ICU patients		
For patients/residents that are on biomedical equipment,		
how do you move this equipment with the patient		
whether sheltering in a safe refuge or evacuating?		
Can any of the biomedical equipment be disconnected		
during movement, and then reconnected at the refuge or		
assembly point?		
Procedures to provide power to electrical equipment		
Procedures on how equipment identified as necessary to		
provide continuity of care can be moved with the patient,		
how you will identify and track patient's own equipment,		
(e.g., beds, wheelchairs, ventilators, etc)		

PLAN ELEMENT OR CONSIDERATION	DONE	DEPT RESPONSIBLE &
If his was disable surings out have bettern head we have been	'	PLANNING PARTICIPANTS
If biomedical equipment have battery back-up, how long		
does it last? How will you get emergency power to these		
patients/residents?		
Because these patients with biomedical equipment may		
take longer to evacuate, are they lower on the priority list		
when doing an emergent evacuation?		
Will you let mothers/fathers/family members carry their		
infant during relocation or evacuation? Or will		
nurses/healthcare professionals be responsible for		
carrying the infant patient?		
How will you ensure that infants and children stay with		
their parents or are matched up at the assembly point?		
Movement and evacuation procedures to evacuate infants		
and small children		
Do you have specialized infant carriers?		
Movement and evacuation procedures and equipment for		
specialized patients - those that require airway		
management, back and neck support, etc.		
How will you ensure continuity of care for patients once		
they have been evacuated? Do you have a cache of		
medical supplies that can be deployed to assembly		
points?		
How will you ensure continuity of care if the usual		
equipment is not available during the evacuation process		
Upon relocation or evacuation, how will you document		
medical interventions?		
Do you prioritize moving behavioral health patients/		
residents first or last?		
Do you need to separate behavioral health patients/		
residents from the other evacuees and keep them all		
together?		
Process to assess isolation needs and resources available		
to maintain isolation precautions for the safety of		
personnel and patients, including communication of need		
for precautions above Standard Precautions		
Procedures to document clinical information, particularly		
for long sheltering operations		

PLAN ELEMENT OR CONSIDERATION	DONE	DEPT RESPONSIBLE &
TEAN ELLIVILIATION CONSIDERATION	DONE	PLANNING PARTICIPANTS
If it is a community incident, you may receive walk in		
patients or patients/personnel/visitors in your facility may		
have injuries as a result of the incident. Do you have		
staffing and supplies to establish a triage and patient care		
area?		
PATIENT / RESIDENT TRANSFER		
How will you determine how many patients/residents		
need to be transported?		
What is your priority / sequence to transfer - who makes		
this decision?		
What are you procedures to rapidly identify if beds are		
available at other facilities		
Who are the healthcare facilities in your area that can		
receive your evacuees? Can you divvy them up so that		
one facility is not overwhelmed?		
Do you have sister facilities that can assist?		
Who will you contact if you cannot find beds?		
Identify/reference any written documentation that		
confirms the commitment of these facilities		
Procedure to identify evacuee transportation resources		
List and numbers of patients by type and/or		
transportation resources needed (buses, vans, ALS / BLS		
ambulances, ambulettes, trucks, wheelchair vans, etc.)		
Can your usual transportation providers move your		
evacuees? Are they limited in the acuity of		
patients/residents?		
How do you find more options for transportation? Do you		
have these pre-identified?		
Describe the process for contacting EMS to request and to		
coordinate transportation needs/resources with patient		
needs (i.e., acuity level, wheelchairs, life support,		
bariatric)		
Do you have a staging area designated for patients/		
residents waiting for transportation?		
Is your staging area organized by order of evacuation?		
Identify if and which personnel need to transfer with		
evacuees		
Identify the resources necessary to address evacuee		
needs during transport		
What resources will need to accompany patients and		
personnel - medications, medical supplies?		

		DEPT RESPONSIBLE &	
PLAN ELEMENT OR CONSIDERATION	DONE	PLANNING PARTICIPANTS	
If travel time will be lengthy to the receiving care site, how			
will personnel handle the need for restroom / human waste			
collection and disposal? Will there be supplies provided?			
Identify pre-designated areas to congregate patients /			
residents according to predetermined criteria (i.e., event,			
acuity, mobility levels)			
PATIENT / RESIDENT TRANSFER - MEDICAL RECORDS			
How do you ensure HIPAA standards are maintained?			
Process to facilitate transfer of individual information,			
medications, and valuables			
If you use electronic medical records and you can't access			
them, what information will you send? Are there			
downtime procedures that can be implemented?			
If you use paper medical records, will you send the entire			
record with the patient/resident?			
Establish protocols for sharing special needs information,			
as appropriate, with personnel participating in the			
evacuation, including transport agencies, receiving			
facilities, alternative care sites, shelters and others			
involved in evacuee care			
Identify protocol for linking and reuniting evacuee and			
personal possessions not taken during evacuation			
Procedures for rapid family notification			
PATIENT / RESIDENT TRANSFER - IDENTIFICATION			
Provide evacuees with standardized visual identifiers,			
such as a color-coded wristband or evacuation tag, to help			
personnel rapidly identify special needs for high risk			
conditions that, if not easily identified, could lead to injury			
or death of an evacuee			
PATIENT / RESIDENT TRANSFER - TRACKING			
Do you have a process for patient/resident tracking system			
for ambulatory patients and non-ambulatory patients?			
Do you have a process for patient/resident tracking to			
monitor where they next receive care after leaving your			
facility? Will this process help in repatriating patients?			
SECURING THE FACILITY			
Define procedures for securing the facility and perimeter			
Process to maintain general and high risk area facility			
security			
Process to control access and movement in and between			
facilities			

PLAN ELEMENT OR CONSIDERATION	DONE	DEPT RESPONSIBLE & PLANNING PARTICIPANTS
Who will be authorized to re-enter buildings after they have		
been evacuated? Will you send personnel back in to assist		
other departments to evacuate? How will you know they		
have been approved to re-enter?		
Plan to maintain traffic control on campus		
Describe procedures for security and/or management of		
controlled substances		
Describe procedures for securing utilities, including		
shutting down/controlling gas, medical gases, water and		
electricity as appropriate to event (potentially shutting		
down or activating generators); consideration should be		
given to potential impact on equipment and systems and		
potential for spoilage of food and pharmaceuticals.		
Process to secure diagnostic radiology areas / medications /		
isotopes		
How will you determine if (and which) personnel will		
remain at the facility to conduct repairs, etc, while the rest		
of the building is empty?		
Describe the coordination with local public safety		
RECOVERY - FACILITY RE-OPENING AND PERSONNEL		
REPATRIATION		
Facilities are determined to be structurally sound and		
safe, and systems are not compromised, for occupancy. If		
not safe, may require repairs/retrofits/replacements that		
need to be approved by OSHPD, fire marshal and L&C.		
If you rent your space, how do you get the all clear that		
you can move back in?		
What are your procedures for restoration and testing of		
infrastructure – water, electricity, HVAC, medical gases?		
Will you need to hire contractors to assist with this process?		
All items within the facility that can be affected by		
spoilage due to loss of power and/or high temperatures		
are tested and repaired/replaced/quarantined, as needed		
(e.g., food, medications, radioactive supplies and		
equipment, computerized diagnostics, etc.).		
Procedures to assess the status of equipment, and conduct		
maintenance, if necessary		
Procedures to assess the need for and implementing		
cleaning and decontamination		

PLAN ELEMENT OR CONSIDERATION	DONE	DEPT RESPONSIBLE &
Davis, have a shealdist to account that you have a sufficition	'	PLANNING PARTICIPANTS
Do you have a checklist to assure that you have certification		
by local authorities (i.e., L&C, OSHPD, local fire marshal,		
State Pharmacy Board, LAC Dept of Public Health, etc) to		
reoccupy the facility?		
Essential functions and supplies/supply chains (pharmacy,		
supplies, laundry, etc.) are reestablished		
How do you prioritize which departments and personnel to bring back? Do you reestablish and open up all		
departments at the same time?		
How will you notify other healthcare facilities, LAC EMS		
Agency, L&C, media, patient families, etc, that you are		
reopening? How will you inform them that you are open for		
business, and that your facility is safe?		
Procedures to assess the need for and implement personnel		
counseling RECOVERY - PATIENT REPATRIATION		
Procedures for patient/resident health assessment, especially after sheltering in place or internal relocation		
Will all of your patients/residents come back to your		
facility? How will you inform them that you are open for		
business, and that your facility is safe? If you offer walk-in services, do you need to advertise that		
you are now open?		
·		
How will you coordinate patient transportation with the sending hospital/healthcare facility?		
Will you be able to amend the medical record that you		
already had for that patient with any new information from		
the sending facility? Will you need to have a process to		
transcribe these notes? Will you need to re-register these		
patients?		
RECOVERY - FINANCIAL		
How will you bill for your patient's care properly?		
The facility that took in your patient/resident and then		
returned them to you, will they bill you for their services?		
What rates do you use to determine the bill? How many of		
your patients are on Medicare or Medi-Cal?		
Will you need to negotiate rates with the receiving facility?		
Is this something you can do prior to an incident?		
Do you know your insurance providers policies on billing		
during an emergency?		

PLAN ELEMENT OR CONSIDERATION	DONE	DEPT RESPONSIBLE & PLANNING PARTICIPANTS
How will transportation costs be paid for? Is it billable to		
the patient's / resident's insurance? Is it covered under an		
existing agreement the facility has with the ambulance /		
transportation company? Or will the County cover the cost		
under its overflow contract with ambulance providers?		
How will you compensate personnel that transported with		
patients/residents or were relocated to alternate care sites?		
Will you compensate personnel if the facility is closed and		
there is no work for them?		
How will you have equipment or surplus supplies returned		
to you that may have transported with evacuated		
patients/residents?		
What type of documentation do you need for your		
insurance provider? Do you need documentation other		
than invoices, purchase orders, etc, such as photographs or		
official government reports on the incident?		

Web Resources

Evacuation Plans and Procedures. OSHA. www.osha.gov/SLTC/etools/evacuation/evac.html

Evacuation - Hospitals

Hospital Evacuation Policy, Reference No 1112 from the Prehospital Care Policy Manual of the Los Angeles County Emergency Medical Services Agency.

http://ems.dhs.lacounty.gov/policies/Ref1100/Ref1100.htm

Hospital Evacuation Plan Checklist. California Hospital Association, October 2010.

http://www.calhospitalprepare.org/category/content-area/planning-topics/evacuation Provides guidance in the development or update of a hospital evacuation plan containing detailed information, instructions, and procedures that can be engaged in any emergency situation necessitating either full or partial hospital evacuation, as well as sheltering in place.

Hospital Evacuation Decision Guide. AHRQ, May

2010.http://archive.ahrq.gov/prep/hospevacguide/

Provides organized and systematic guidance on how to consider the many factors that bear on the decision to order an evacuation, and assist in identifying some of the special situations that may exist in their facility or geographic area that could affect the decision to evacuate.

- o Illustrative Hospital Evacuations: Type of Disaster and Ultimate Reason for Evacuation (real incidents): http://archive.ahrq.gov/prep/hospevacguide/hospevactab2.htm
- Advanced Warning Event Evacuation Decisions:
 http://archive.ahrq.gov/prep/hospevacguide/hospevacfig1.htm
- No Advanced Warning Evacuation Decisions:
 http://archive.ahrq.gov/prep/hospevacguide/hospevacfig2.htm

HICS Incident Planning Guide and Incident Response Guide for Evacuation, Complete or Partial Facility (Scenario 02). Available in PDF or Word. www.emsa.ca.gov/HICS/internal.asp

HICS Form 255 Master Patient Evacuation Tracking Form HICS Form 260 Patient Evacuation Tracking Form

Available in PDF or Word. http://www.emsa.ca.gov/HICS/forms.asp

Emergency Sheltering, Relocation, and Evacuation for Healthcare Facilities Template. Minnesota Department of Health, May 2011.

http://www.health.state.mn.us/oep/healthcare/flood.html

Neonatal Intensive Care Unit (NICU) Evacuation Guide. Illinois Emergency Medical Services for Children, February 2009. http://www.luhs.org/depts/emsc/NICU_evac_guidelines.pdf A guide to assist NICU professionals and emergency planners in their planning and preparation for evacuations. Includes NICU Disaster Supply List and NICU-related Job Action Sheets

Evacuation – Long Term Care

Long-Term Care Facility Evacuation: Planning Considerations. CAHF.

http://www.cahfdownload.com/cahf/dpp/LTC FacilityEvacuationsPlanningConsiderations.pdf

Long Term Care Facility Evacuation Resident Assessment Form for Transport and Destination.

CAHF. http://www.cahfdownload.com/cahf/dpp/CAHF-EvacDestination_TransportEvalForm-ShelterMedGrp.pdf

National Criteria for Evacuation Decision-Making in Nursing Homes. Florida Health Care Education and Development Foundation, 2008.

http://www.fhca.org/images/uploads/NationalCriteriaforEvacuationDecision-Making2008.pdf

Long Term Care Medical Records in an Evacuation Guidance from CDPH. Jan 14,2011.

http://cahfdisasterprep.com/PreparednessTopics/EvacuationPlanning/ResourcesPositivePractices.aspx

San Joaquin County Long Term Care Facility Evacuation Plan (a collection of Checklists).

November 01, 2007. http://www.cahfdownload.com/cahf/dpp/LTCF-EvacPlanAllForms.pdf

Evacuation – Clinics

Clinic Evacuation Plan Template. CPCA / Alameda Health Consortium, 2009.

http://cpca.org/cpca/assets/File/Emergency-Preparedness/Resources/2009-DEC-EvacTemplateIIAHC-Clinics.pdf

Clinic Evacuation Equipment Suggestions. CPCA / Alameda Health Consortium Workgroup,

2009. http://cpca.org/cpca/assets/File/Emergency-Preparedness/Resources/2009-Clinic-Evac-Equipment-Suggestions.pdf

Community Health Center Emergency Evacuation Procedure Template. Community Health Care Association of New York State, 2008.

http://www.chcanys.org/clientuploads/downloads/ep misc/CHC Evacuation Policy 2008.pdf

Shelter in Place

Hospital Shelter In Place Planning Checklist. California Hospital Association, May 2011.

http://www.calhospitalprepare.org/category/content-area/planning-topics/evacuation Includes a Shelter-In-Place (SIP) Planning Checklist tool and a decision-making algorithm for SIP and evacuation activation.

San Joaquin County Long Term Care Facility Evacuation Plan (a collection of Checklists).

November 01, 2007. http://www.cahfdownload.com/cahf/dpp/LTCF-EvacPlanAllForms.pdf

Recovery / Repatriation / Repopulation

Hospital Repopulation after Evacuation Guidelines and Checklist. California Hospital Association, October 2010.http://www.calhospitalprepare.org/Repopulation

Hospital Assessment and Recovery Guide. AHRQ, May 2010.

http://archive.ahrq.gov/prep/hosprecovery/

To help organize the initial assessment of a hospital upon return after an evacuation/closure due to an emergency event.

Family Information Center Planning Guide. Los Angeles County Emergency Medical Services Agency, February 2007. http://ems.dhs.lacounty.gov/ManualsProtocols/Manuals.htm It may be necessary to establish a family information center to notify and respond to queries from family members regarding the status and location of patients who have been evacuated. A similar center can be using for personnel families.

Articles about Real Evacuation Incidents

Firestorm 2007: A Portrait of a Hospital's Response by Gerilyn Herold, RN, MSN. Nurse Week, Dec 17, 2007. http://news.nurse.com/apps/pbcs.dll/article?AID=2007712170325 Community evacuations led to surge of those seeking care and shelter at the hospital.

Unthinkable: In its 58-year history, Feather River Hospital had never been forced to evacuate. Then came the wildfires of July 2008 by Melissa Barnard. NFPA Journal, January/February 2011.

Acknowledgements

WORKGROUP MEMBERS

Roel Amara

Los Angeles County

Emergency Medical Services Agency

Ryan Burgess

California Hospital Association

Kay Fruhwirth

Los Angeles County

Emergency Medical Services Agency

Kurt Kainsinger

Ronald Reagan UCLA Health System

Joe Keys

Los Angeles County

Olive View-UCLA Medical Center

Connie Lackey

Providence Saint Joseph Medical Center

Miguel Magana

Cedars-Sinai Medical Center

Antonio Magdaleno

Henry Mayo Newhall Memorial Hospital

Claudia Marroquin-Frometa

Centinela Hospital Medical Center

Jacqui Rifenburg

Los Angeles County

Emergency Medical Services Agency

Jeremy Stacy

Good Samaritan Hospital

Terry Stone

Henry Mayo Newhall Memorial Hospital

KEY RESOURCES

Many documents were reviewed to develop this guidance; the following provided substantial information.

California Association of Health Facilities: Long-Term Care Facility Evacuation: Planning Considerations

California Hospital Association: Hospital Evacuation Plan Checklist, October 2010; Hospital Repopulation after Evacuation Guidelines and Checklist, October 2010; and Hospital Shelter In Place Planning Checklist, May 2011

Minnesota Department of Health: Emergency Sheltering, Relocation, and Evacuation for Healthcare Facilities Template, May 2011

San Joaquin County EMS Agency: Long Term Care Facility Evacuation Plan, April 2009

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS
Gloria Molina
FIRST DISTRICT

Mark Ridley Thomas SECOND DISTRICT

Zev Yaroslavsky THIRD DISTRICT

Don KnabeFOURTH DISTRICT

Michael D. Antonovich
FIFTH DISTRICT

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES

Mitchell H. Katz

Director

EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES AGENCY
Cathy Chidester
Director

William Koenig
Medical Director

Kay Fruhwirth
Assistant Director
Hospital Preparedness Program Coordinator

Funding for this project was made possible by grant number 6 U3REP090253 from the Department of Health and Human Services Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response Hospital Preparedness Program.